220. For the forests outside of Europe statistics are difficult to obtain, but the following table gives the latest available figures for some of the countries of America, Asia, Africa and Australasia:—

1894 United States 23 29 450 1893 British Guiana 18 00 5 1893 India 25 00 140	cres. Acres. Acres.
1893. British Guiana	Cles. Acies. Acies.
1893. India	,000,000
1893. India	,760,000
1892'. Turkey in Asia	,000,000 70,000,000 70,000,000
	,500,000
1887. Algiers	833,100 5,058,060 775,040
1887 Cape Colony	224,000
1887 New South Wales	,230,000 5,400,000
1889. Victoria	stated. 1,355,442
1889. South Australia	" 165,324

- 221. It may be seen from the above table that some of the colonies and dependencies of the British Empire have reserved state forests for the purpose of protecting and maintaining them in perpetuity. India has long had a strong staff of trained foresters, who treat the forests on the most approved systems of European forestry. Some of the colonies in Australasia and South Africa have also established state forests under trained foresters.
- 222. Before 6th October, 1890, the United States tariff on woods imported from Canada contained the following items:—

In 1890 hewn or sawed lumber was reduced to 10 per cent; sided or squared timber to $\frac{1}{2}$ cent per foot, and pine lumber to \$1 per M. ft., B.M.

UNITED STATES IMPORTS FROM CANADA.

YEAR.	Timber.	Boards, Deals, Planks and Sawed Lumber.	Boards, Deals, Planks and Sawed Lumber.	Timber.	Boards Deals, Planks and Sawed Lumber.	Boards, Deals, Planks and Sawed Lumber.
4	8	M. ft.	\$	\$	M. ft.	\$
1888	5,748 3,108 1,147	608,326 747,842 659,703	7,497,078 $7,804,163$ $7,744,954$	3,304	638,624	7,682,065
1891 1892 1893 1894	37,652 $56,777$ $65,792$ $47,865$	757,149 663,134 742,351 514,461	8,498,046 7,539,766 8,217,331 6,134,204	56,811	639,982	7,297,100